

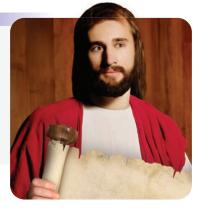


you know there is a very important day in the Bible that almost everyone has forgotten about? It's astounding that only a few people are aware of it, because it's one of the most significant days in all of human history! It's not only a day in the past, but it also has meaning for us now and in the future. Furthermore, what happens on this neglected day can have a positive effect on your life. Want to know more amazing facts about this lost day of history? Then read over this Study Guide carefully.

## On what day did Jesus customarily worship?

"He came to Nazareth, where He had been brought up. And as His custom was, He went into the synagogue on the Sabbath day, and stood up to read" (Luke 4:16).





### **But which day of history has been lost?**

"The seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord your God" (Exodus 20:10). "When the Sabbath was past ... very early in the morning, on the first day of the week, they came to the tomb when the sun had risen" (Mark 16:1, 2).

3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 13 14 17 18 19 20 21 24 25 26 27 28

Answer: A little detective work is necessary to answer this question. Many believe that the Sabbath is the first day of the week, Sunday, but the Bible actually says that the Sabbath is the day that comes just before the first day of the week. According to Scripture, the Sabbath is the seventh day of the week—that is, Saturday.

Where did the Sabbath come from?

"In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth.... And on the seventh day God ended His work which He had done, and He rested on the seventh day from all His work which He had done. Then God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it" (Genesis 1:1; 2:2, 3).

Answer: God made the Sabbath at the time of Creation, when He made the world. He rested on the Sabbath and blessed and sanctified it—that is, He set it apart for a holy use.

## What does God say about the Sabbath in the Ten Commandments?

"Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. Six days you shall labor and do all your work, but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord your God. In it you shall do no work: you, nor your son, nor your daughter, nor your male servant, nor your female servant, nor your cattle, nor your stranger who is within your gates. For in six days the Lord made the heavens and the earth, the sea, and all that is in them, and rested the seventh day. Therefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it" (Exodus 20:8–11). "Then the Lord delivered to me two tablets of stone written with the finger of God" (Deuteronomy 9:10).

THOU SHALT HAV

BEFORE ME

Answer: In the fourth of the Ten Commandments, God says we are to observe the seventh-day Sabbath as His holy day. It seems God knew that people would be prone to forget His Sabbath, so He began this commandment with the word "remember."



### **But haven't the Ten Commandments been changed?**

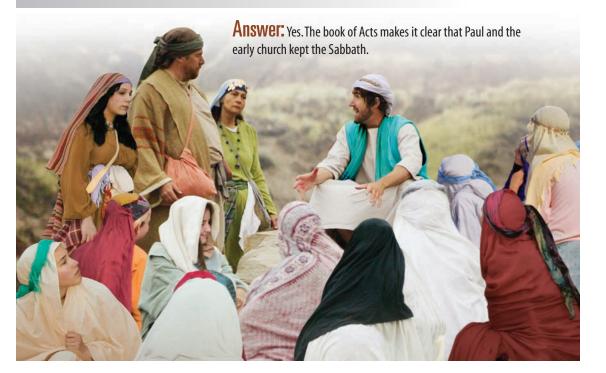
**Exodus 20:1** says, "God spoke all these words, saying . . . [the Ten Commandments follow in verses 2–17]." God said, "My covenant I will not break, nor alter the word that has gone

out of My lips" (Psalm 89:34). Jesus said, "It is easier for heaven and earth to pass away than for one tittle of the law to fail" (Luke 16:17).

Answer: No, indeed! It is impossible for any of God's moral law to change. All Ten Commandments are still binding today. Just as the other nine commandments haven't changed, neither has the fourth commandment.

### Did the apostles keep the Sabbath on the seventh day?

"Then Paul, as his custom was, went in to them, and for three Sabbaths reasoned with them from the Scriptures" (Acts 17:2). "Paul and his party ... went into the synagogue on the Sabbath day and sat down" (Acts 13:13, 14). "On the Sabbath day we went out of the city to the riverside, where prayer was customarily made; and we sat down and spoke to the women who met there" (Acts 16:13). "[Paul] reasoned in the synagogue every Sabbath, and persuaded both Jews and Greeks" (Acts 18:4).





**Answer:** The apostles in the early church not only obeyed God's Sabbath command, but they also taught the converted Gentiles to worship on Sabbath.

# But wasn't the Sabbath changed to Sunday?

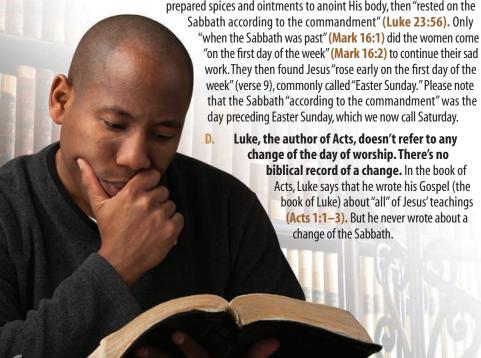
**Answer:** No. There is no suggestion anywhere in the Scriptures that Jesus, His Father, or the apostles ever—at any time,



under any circumstance—changed the holy seventh-day Sabbath to any other day. Indeed, the Bible teaches the opposite. Consider the evidence for yourself:

- A. God blessed the Sabbath. "The Lord blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it" (Exodus 20:11). "God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it" (Genesis 2:3).
- B. Christ expected His people to be still keeping the Sabbath in AD 70 when Jerusalem was destroyed. Knowing full well that Jerusalem would be destroyed by Rome in AD 70, Jesus warned His followers of that time, saying, "Pray that your flight may not be in winter or on the Sabbath" (Matthew 24:20, emphasis added). Jesus made it clear that His people would be keeping the Sabbath even 40 years after His resurrection.

C. The women who came to anoint Christ's dead body kept the Sabbath. Jesus died on "the day before the Sabbath" (Mark 15:37, 42), which is often called "Good Friday." The women prepared spices and ointments to anoint His body, then "rested on the



## Some people say the Sabbath will be kept in God's new earth. Is this correct?

"'For as the new heavens and the new earth which I will make shall remain before Me,' says the LORD,' So shall your descendants and your name remain. And it shall come to pass that from one New Moon to another, and from one Sabbath to another, all flesh shall come to worship before Me,' says the LORD" (Isaiah 66:22, 23).

Answer: Yes. The Bible says the saved people of all ages will keep the Sabbath in the new earth.



### But isn't Sunday the Lord's Day?

"Call the Sabbath a delight, the holy day of the LORD" (Isaiah 58:13). "The Son of Man is Lord even of the Sabbath" (Matthew 12:8).

Answer: The Bible speaks of the "Lord's Day" in Revelation 1:10, so the Lord does have a special day. But no verse of Scripture refers to Sunday as the Lord's Day. Rather, the Bible plainly identifies the seventh-day Sabbath as the Lord's Day. The only day the Lord has ever blessed and claimed as His own is the seventh-day Sabbath.

## Shouldn't we keep Sunday holy in honor of Christ's resurrection?

"Do you not know that as many of us as were baptized into Christ Jesus were baptized into His death? Therefore we were buried with Him through baptism into death, that just as Christ was raised from the dead by the glory of the Father, even so we also should walk in newness of life. For if we have been united together in the likeness of His death, certainly we also shall be in the likeness of His resurrection, knowing this, that our old man was crucified with Him, that the body of sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be slaves of sin" (Romans 6:3–6).

Jesus instituted baptism not Sunday-keeping in honor of His resurrection.

Answer: No! The Bible *never* suggests keeping Sunday holy in honor of the resurrection or for any other reason. We honor Christ by obeying His direct commandments (John 14:15)—not by substituting man-made traditions in place of His eternal law.

## Well, if Sunday-keeping isn't in the Bible, whose idea was it?

"He ... shall intend to change times and law"

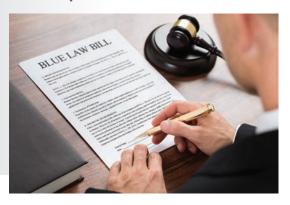
(Daniel 7:25). "You have made the commandment of God of no effect by your tradition. ... And in vain they worship Me, teaching as doctrines the commandments of men" (Matthew 15:6, 9). "Her priests have violated My law and profaned My holy things. ... Her prophets plastered them with untempered mortar ... saying, 'Thus says the Lord God,' when the Lord had not spoken" (Ezekiel 22:26, 28).

Answer: About 300 years after Jesus' resurrection, partly because of hatred against the Jews, misguided men suggested that God's holy day of worship be changed from Saturday to Sunday.

God predicted it would happen, and it did. This error was passed on to our unsuspecting generation as fact. However, Sunday-keeping is a tradition of mere men and breaks God's law, which commands Sabbath-keeping. Only God can make a day holy. God blessed the Sabbath, and when God blesses, no man can "reverse it" (Numbers 23:20).

### But isn't it dangerous to tamper with God's law?

"You shall not add to the word which I command you, nor take from it, that you may keep the commandments of the Lord your God which I command you" (Deuteronomy 4:2). "Every word of God is pure. . . . Do not add to His words, lest He rebuke you, and you be found a liar" (Proverbs 30:5, 6).

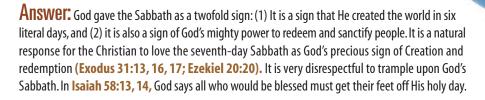


#### **Answer:** God has forbidden people

to change His law, either by deletions or additions. Tampering with God's law is one of the most dangerous things a person can do, because God's law is perfect and is designed to protect us from evil.

# Why did God make the Sabbath anyway?

- A. Sign of Creation. "Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. . . . For in six days the Lord made the heavens and the earth, the sea, and all that is in them, and rested the seventh day. Therefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it" (Exodus 20:8, 11).
- B. Sign of redemption and sanctification. "I also gave them My Sabbaths, to be a sign between them and Me, that they might know that I am the LORD who sanctifies them" (Ezekiel 20:12).

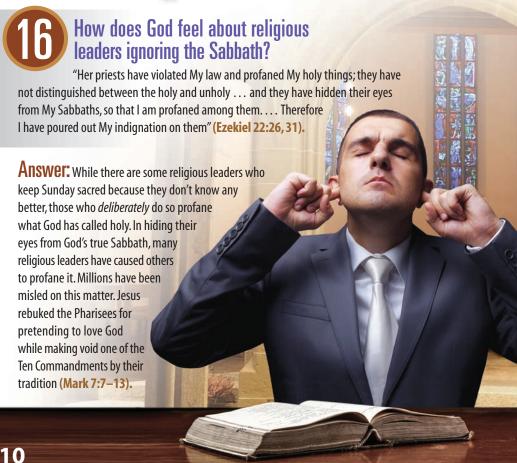


### How important is keeping the Sabbath holy?

"Sin is lawlessness [transgression of the law]" (1 John 3:4). "The wages of sin is death" (Romans 6:23). "Whoever shall keep the whole law, and yet stumble in one point, he is quilty of all" (James 2:10). "Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that you

should follow His steps" (1 Peter 2:21). "He became the author of eternal salvation to all who obey Him" (Hebrews 5:9).

**Answer:** It is a matter of life and death. The Sabbath is protected and upheld by the fourth commandment of God's law. The deliberate breaking of any one of the Ten Commandments is sin. Christians will gladly follow Christ's example of Sabbath keeping.



### **Does Sabbath keeping really affect people personally?**

"If you love Me, keep My commandments" (John 14:15). "To him who knows to do good and does not do it, to him it is sin" (James 4:17). "Blessed are those who do His commandments, that they may have the right to the tree of life, and may enter through the gates into the city" (Revelation 22:14). "He [Jesus] said to them, 'The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath'" (Mark 2:27).

Answer: Yes! The Sabbath is a gift from God, who made it for you as a respite from the world! It's natural that the people who love Him would want to keep His Sabbath commandment. Indeed, love without commandment-keeping is really not love at all (1 John 2:4). It's a decision we all must make, and we cannot avoid it. The good news is that choosing to keep the Sabbath will bless you profoundly!

On the Sabbath, you can feel free to cease—guilt-free!—your regular daily activities, such as work and shopping, and, instead, spend time with the Creator of the universe. Worshiping



God with other believers, spending time with family, walking in nature, reading spiritually uplifting materials, and even visiting and encouraging the sick are all good ways to keep the Sabbath holy. After the stress of six days of work, God has given you the gift of the Sabbath to rest from your labors and to feed your soul. You can trust that He knows what's best for you!



## **Your Questions Answered**

#### 1. But isn't the Sabbath for the Jews only?

**Answer:** No. Jesus said, "The Sabbath was made for man" (Mark 2:27). It is not for the Jews only, but for mankind—all men and women everywhere. The Jewish nation did not even exist until 2,500 years after the Sabbath was made.

#### 2. Isn't Acts 20:7—12 proof that the disciples kept Sunday as a holy day?

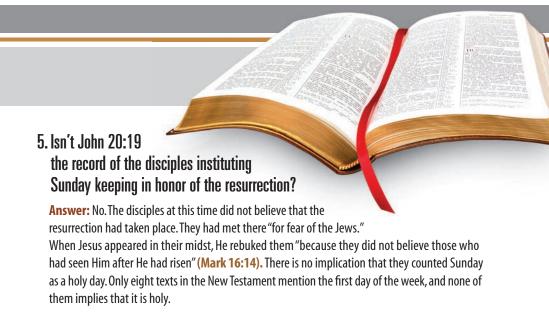
**Answer:** According to the Bible, each day begins at sundown and ends at the next sundown (Genesis 1:5, 8, 13, 19, 23, 31; Leviticus 23:32) and the dark part of the day comes first. So Sabbath begins Friday night at sundown and ends Saturday night at sundown. This meeting discussed in Acts 20 was held on the dark part of Sunday, or on what we now call Saturday night. It was a Saturday night meeting, and it lasted until midnight. Paul was on a farewell tour and knew he would not see these people again (verse 25). No wonder he preached so long! (No regular weekly service would have lasted all night.) Paul was "ready to depart the next day" (verse 7). The breaking of bread has no particular significance here, because they broke bread daily (Acts 2:46). There is no indication in this passage that the first day is holy, nor that these early Christians considered it so. Nor is there any evidence that the Sabbath had been changed. (Incidentally, this meeting is probably mentioned only because of the miracle of raising Eutychus back to life after he fell to his death.) In Ezekiel 46:1, God refers to Sunday as one of the six "working days."

#### 3. Doesn't 1 Corinthians 16:1, 2 speak of Sunday school offerings?

**Answer:** No. There is no reference here to a public worship meeting. The money was to be laid aside privately at home. Paul was writing to ask the churches in Asia Minor to assist their poverty-stricken brethren in Jerusalem (**Romans 15:26–28**). These Christians all kept Sabbath holy, so Paul suggested that on Sunday morning, after the Sabbath was over, they put aside something for their needy brethren so it would be on hand when he came. It was to be done privately—in other words, at home. There is no reference here to Sunday as a holy day.

#### 4. But hasn't time been lost and the days of the week changed since the time of Christ?

**Answer:** No. Scholars and historians agree that although the calendar has changed, the weekly seven-day cycle never has. Therefore, you can be certain that our seventh day is the same seventh day Jesus kept holy!



#### 6. Doesn't Colossians 2:14–17 do away with the seventh-day Sabbath?

**Answer:** Not at all. It refers only to the annual, ceremonial sabbaths that were "a shadow of things to come" and not to the seventh-day Sabbath. There were seven yearly holy days, or festivals, in ancient Israel that were also called sabbaths (**see Leviticus 23**). These were in addition to, or "besides the Sabbaths of the Lord" (**Leviticus 23:38**), or seventh-day Sabbath. Their main significance was in foreshadowing, or pointing to, the cross and ended at the cross. God's seventh-day Sabbath was made before Adam's sin, and therefore could foreshadow nothing about deliverance from sin. That's why **Colossians 2** differentiates and specifically mentions the sabbaths that were "a shadow."

#### 7. According to Romans 14:5, isn't the day we keep a matter of personal opinion?

**Answer:** Notice that the whole chapter is on judging one another (verses 4, 10, 13) "over doubtful things" (verse 1). The issue here is not over the seventh-day Sabbath, which is a part of the moral law, but over other religious days. Jewish Christians were judging Gentile Christians for not observing them. Paul is simply saying, "Don't judge each other. That ceremonial law is no longer binding."

Notes:			

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# **Summary Sheet** 7

Please read this lesson before completing this Summary Sheet. All answers can be found in the Study Guide. Place a check by the correct answer. Numbers in parentheses (1) indicate the number of correct answers.

	Jesus kept (1) Sunday as a holy day.	6.	converted Gentiles and the apostles (1)
	The seventh-day Sabbath holy.		Observed Sunday as a holy day.
	Every other day holy.		Taught that any day will suffice as
_	Every other day nory.		a holy day if you are sincere.
	The Lord's day is (1) Sunday, the first day of the week.		Observed the Sabbath.  The Sabbath (1)
	Sabbath, the seventh day of the week.		Ended at the cross.
Ш	Any day that we dedicate to the Lord.	_	Will end at Jesus' second coming.
			Will be kept in God's eternal kingdom
3.	The Sabbath was made (1)		by the redeemed of all ages.
	For the Jews only.		,
	By God at Creation for all men and women everywhere for all time. Only for people who lived in Old Testament times.		Since the Sabbath is part of God's law, breaking the Sabbath is (1)  Nothing to be concerned about since Christ's death A sin because it tramples upon holy things.  Of no importance today.
4.	The change from Sabbath		
	to Sunday was made by (1)		
	Christ.		All who really love and follow Jesus will (1)
	The apostles.		Observe the Sabbath, as Jesus did.
	Misguided leaders.		Keep every other day holy.
			Keep Sunday as a holy day.
5.	God's law, which includes the Sabbath commandment, (1)	10.	The Sabbath is (1)
	Is no longer in effect today.		Sunday, the first day of the week.
	Can never change. It is still		Saturday, the seventh day of the week
	binding today.		(Friday night to Saturday night).
	Ended at the death of Christ.		Any day we dedicate to God.
			Continued on back

## **Summary Sheet continued**

11. Sunday keeping (1)  Is an invention of people that was predicted in the Bible.	13. I am willing example of
<ul><li>Is God's plan for today.</li><li>Originated at Christ's resurrection and was approved at Pentecost.</li></ul>	Ŭ No.
12. Sabbath keeping is (1)	
A sign of legalism.	
Important only to the Jews.	
<ul><li>God's twofold sign of Creation and redemption.</li></ul>	

13. I am willing to follow Jesus' example of Sabbath keeping.

Be sure to answer all the questions above and on the reverse side!

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